ROUGH DRAFT Appreciating the Forgotten

(1) Can you name a famous inventor? (2) Many of the world‛s inventors have

helped improve our day-to-day lives and are well remembered: Alexander

Graham Bell for the telephone, Benjamin Franklin for bifocals, and Thomas

Alva Edison for the lightbulb. (3) However, many other inventors‛ names have

been forgotten despite their remarkable accomplishments.

(4) For example, who was Ezra J. Warner? (5) Back in 1858, he was the first

person to patent a can opener. (6) Although it was effective, it was also

dangerous to use and didn‛t make it into households until 1870, when William

Lyman introduced a model that was just as effective but much safer.

(7) Susan Hibbard‛s invention didn‛t transform the world, but it did make a

difference for other women inventors. (8) She took old turkey feathers and

bound them together to make the first feather duster. (9) When she went to

get the patent for it in 1876, however, she had to battle in court to prove it

was her idea. (10) Under federal law, patent cases can only be heard in

federal courts. (11) Eventually, Hibbard won the patent for her invention.

(12) Soon afterward, women were gaining confidence in their ideas and feeling

happy about their right to patent them.

(13) Alice H. Parker patented a furnace that could heat individual rooms of a

building at different temperatures. (14) Both energy and money were saved

by Parker‛s furnace, since the invention allowed people to heat only the rooms

needed at a given time. (15) These inventors, their creations certainly have improved the lives of many people, may not have received worldwide fame for their achievements.

**170**.Which sentence would BEST begin paragraph 1?

A An invention is made when an inventor discovers how to solve a problem.

B Many inventions have proven to be

unnecessary and sometimes dangerous.

C Inventors have created many amazing devices throughout history.

D There have been a lot of inventions that have helped people.

**171**.Which sentence is NOT related to the purpose of the third paragraph?

A sentence 8

B sentence 9

C sentence 10

D sentence 11

**172**.Which is the BEST way to revise the sentence labeled 12?

A Women were soon being granted more patents because of their confidence in their ideas.

B Gaining confidence in their ideas and their right to patent were other women of the day.

C Soon, women were gaining confidence in their ideas and confidence in their right to patent them.

D Her fight helped other women gain

confidence in their ideas and their right to patent them.

**173.**Read the sentence from the passage.

Both energy and money were saved by

Parker’s furnace, since the invention allowed people to heat only the rooms needed at a given time.

What is the BEST way to state the

information in the underlined part of the sentence?

A Parker’s furnace saved both energy and money,

B Saving both energy and money was

Parker’s furnace,

C Saved by Parker’s furnace were both

energy and money,

D Both energy and money have been saved by Parker’s furnace,

**174.**Which is the BEST way to revise the sentence labeled 15?

A Not having received worldwide fame for their achievements, these inventors’ creations certainly have improved the lives of many people.

B For their achievements, these inventors may not have received worldwide fame, but their creations certainly improving the lives of many people.

C These inventors may not have received worldwide fame for their achievements, but their creations certainly have improved the lives of many people.

D These inventors may not have received worldwide fame, but their creations certainly have improved the lives of many people, for their achievements.

The First Kindergarten

(1) The fondest childhood memories for many people come from their

kindergarten experiences. (2) At one time, however, young children did not

have the opportunity to attend kindergarten. (3) Before the existence of

kindergarten, children were automatically placed in a classroom, with no time

to adjust between early childhood and school attendance. (4) Friedrich

Froebel, a German philosopher in the early 19th century, believed that children

under the age of six were not ready for regular school. (5) He designed a

program that aimed to cultivate every child‛s mental, physical, and social skills

prior to the normal school experience. (6) In German, Froebel called the

program “Kindergarten,” which means “child garden.” (7) His plan was

appropriately named because it allowed young children to grow into their full

capabilities. (8) Froebel wanted his program to teach young children a wide

variety of subjects, including art, design, math, and natural history. (9) To

accomplish this goal, he believed that each kid must be treated as an individual

with different abilities. (10) Froebel also realized that children, in order to

learn, need a time to play as well; therefore, Froebel‛s kindergarten plan

provided for an outdoor area where children could enjoy recess.

(11) Friedrich Froebel‛s influence on education has made a lasting impression.

178.If a student wanted to find an in-depth

discussion of technology in early childhood

education, a journal for teachers would be a

better source than a local newspaper

because a journal for teachers—

A could include charts.

B would have a smaller audience.

C features award-winning articles.

D provides detailed coverage of specific topics.

**179.**What is the BEST way to state the

information in the sentence labeled 6 from

the passage?

A Meaning “child garden” in German,

Froebel called the program “Kindergarten.”

B Froebel called the program “Kindergarten,”

which means “child garden” in German.

C “Kindergarten,” Froebel’s name for his

program in German, which means “child garden.”

D The program, which means “child garden”

in German, Froebel called “Kindergarten.”

**180.**Read the sentence labeled 9 from the passage. To accomplish this goal, he believed that each kid must be treated as an individual with different abilities.

Which of the following would be the BEST replacement for the underlined word in the sentence?

A child

B little one

C tyke

D tiny person

**181.**Which would be the BEST sentence to add to the end of the passage?

A Outside play time is so important to

kindergarteners that many young students name recess as their favorite time of the school day.

B Children of kindergarten age generally like routines they can predict and so have an easy time adjusting to the new schedules at

school.

C Many people are unaware that kindergarten attendance is not required by law in all states, although most states do require that children attend school by the age of eight.

D Due to the popularity of Froebel’s principles, children today build independence during that important time between early childhood and elementary school years.

**182.**Which sentence would provide additional support for Froebel’s idea that children need play time at school?

A Many kindergartens now use computers as tools in teaching children how to read.

B Most children of kindergarten age need to be very active for short periods throughout the day.

C A child of kindergarten age may be slightly farsighted until the eyes are fully developed.

D A recent study suggests that experiences in day care may help children be more prepared for kindergarten.